

MINERAL DEPOSITS AND OCCURRENCES IN THE LYNN LAKE AREA (64C/14), MANITOBA

To Accompany Report No. 6 of the Mineral Deposit Series

MANITOBA MINERAL DEPOSIT SERIES

The Mineral Deposit Series is designed to provide the explorationist with an up-to-date reference and accurate geographic locations for known mineralization within the Province. A descriptive classification of the mineralization into deposit types will assist mineral explorationists in the formulation of exploration strategies.

Mineral occurrences with known tonnage and metal grades are designated as deposits and are highlighted with solid deposit type symbols. Where more than one deposit type is known to occur at a locality, the deposit type with the greatest economic potential is indicated. For example, a 30 cm thick solid sulphide layer on the massive sulphide deposit type is indicated instead of a 2 m thick graphitic sulphide layer of the chemical sediment deposit type at the same locality. Mineral occurrence data not displayed on the map are referenced in a companion report to enable the explorationist to modify the classifications in keeping with new developments or concepts.

The basic publication unit for the Mineral Deposit Series will be the 1:50 000 NTS sheet, on which deposits and occurrences are indexed consecutively. Where the density of data warrants the publication of a 1:20 000 map sheet (e.g. 63K/13SE), location numbers may not be consecutive and intervening numbers will be found on the remaining portions of that NTS map sheet (e.g. 63K/13SW).

The accompanying report contains a synthesis of known information for each locality on: Exploration History, Geological Setting, Mineralization, Deposit Type and References. The reports contain detailed maps that include precise locations, drill hole and trench locations and wherever possible detailed geological maps of the property. The data base used to derive the reports will reside in active mineral deposit files in the possession of the mineral deposit geologists at the Geological Services Branch.

This Mineral Deposit Series will be updated periodically as new information becomes available. Consequently, any errors, omissions or suggestions for improvement should be brought to the attention of the Director, Geological Services Branch.

GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

PRECAMBRIAN (APHEBIAN)

INTRUSIVE ROCKS

Post-Sickle and similar rocks of unknown age

22a quartz porphyry, quartz-feldspar porphyry; 22b diabase

21a apite, apilitic granite; 21b pegmatite, graphic granite

20 Granite, granodiorite

19a hornblende-biotite granodiorite; 19b tonalite

18a gabbro, minor ultramafic rock; 18b diabase; 18c diorite; 18d plutonic breccia

Pre-Sickle and similar rocks of unknown age

17a granite, granodiorite; 17b pegmatite, apite; 17c syenite; 17d apilitic granite

16a diorite, quartz diorite; 16b hornblende-biotite tonalite, quartz diorite; 16c granodiorite, tonalite

15 Gabbro, norite, diorite, ultramafic rock

14 Hornblende diorite, quartz diorite

13 Gabbro, diabase

SICKLE GROUP (11a, 12a) and SICKLE METAMORPHIC SUITE (11, 12b-12g)

12 Sandstone, derived schist and gneiss: 12a arkosic sandstone, pebbly sandstone; 12b muscovite-bearing arkose, pebbly arkose; 12c greywacke; 12d hornblende-bearing psammitic gneiss, calcareous sandstone; 12e biotite-bearing psammitic gneiss; 12f quartz-feldspar-muscovite schist, arkosic sandstone; 12g sillimanite-bearing arkosic gneiss

11 Conglomerate with quartz-feldspar porphyry, sedimentary, volcanic and granitoid clasts: 11a conglomerate, arkose matrix; 11b conglomerate, greywacke matrix; 11c hornblende

SICKLE OR WASEKWAN GROUP

10 Conglomerate with sedimentary, volcanic and granitoid clasts, greywacke; 10a conglomerate, hornblende greywacke matrix; 10b conglomerate, biotite greywacke matrix; 10c staurolite schist, greywacke; 10d biotite greywacke, siltstone, minor argillite

WASEKWAN GROUP

9 Sedimentary rocks, coarse- to fine-grained, paragneiss: 9a pebbly greywacke, paraconglomerate; 9b hornblende greywacke, siltstone; 9c biotite greywacke, siltstone, mudstone; 9d quartz-rich greywacke, 9e siltstone and mafic mudstone; 9f mafic mudstone, tuff, greywacke; 9g argillite; 9h chert; 9i porphyroblastic schist; 9j iron formation

8 Conglomerate: 8a quartz-pebble conglomerate; 8b conglomerate with volcanic and sedimentary clasts; 8c pebbly mudstone; 8d polymictic volcanic breccia, conglomerate

7 Rhyolite, felsic gneiss: 7a massive aphyric rhyolite; 7b massive porphyritic rhyolite; 7c porphyritic breccia; 7d hyaloclastite; 7e tuff

6 Dacite: 6a massive aphyric dacite; 6b massive porphyritic dacite; 6c breccia; 6d tuff; 6e altered dacite, schist

5a, 5b Intermediate and felsic volcanic rocks: 5a andesite; 5b porphyritic dacite; 5c intermediate tuff, lapilli tuff; 5d pyroclastic breccia

4 Mafic and intermediate volcanic rocks, amphibolite: 4a massive porphyritic and aphyric basalt and andesite; 4b pillowed basalt and andesite; 4c autoclastic breccia; 4d polymictic breccia; 4e mafic tuff; 4f intermediate tuff; 4g garnetiferous amphibolite; 4h andesite

3 Porphyritic basalt: 3a massive basalt; 3b pillowed basalt; 3c autoclastic breccia; 3d porphyritic and aphyric basalt; 3e tuff; 3f banded amphibolite, breccia; 3g mafic porphyry

2 Aphyric basalt: 2a massive basalt; 2b pillowed basalt; 2c pillow breccia, hyaloclastite; 2d tuff; 2e plagioclase-phyric basalt; 2f high-magnesia basalt, tuff, ultramafic rock, amphibolite

1 Greywacke, siltstone, mudstone, minor volcanic rocks

W Wasekwau Group undivided

ROCKS OF PROBABLE WASEKWAN AGE: Burntwood River Metamorphic Suite, Zed Lake Greywacke

IA-E 1A biotite ± garnet-bearing metagreywacke, migmatite; 1B biotite-sillimanite-garnet-bearing metagreywacke-metamudstone, migmatite; 1C layered and massive amphibolite; 1D quartzite; 1E marble



MINERAL DEPOSIT TYPE

STRATABOUND MASSIVE SULPHIDE TYPE DEPOSITS

- a) Volcanic rock — associated
- b) Sedimentary rock — associated
- c) Alteration zone associated with a or b

CHEMICAL-SEDIMENT TYPE DEPOSITS

- a) Sulphide facies Iron Formation
- b) Oxide facies Iron Formation
- c) Carbonate facies Iron Formation
- d) Silicate facies Iron Formation
- e) Other chemical sediments

VEIN TYPE DEPOSITS

- a) Single vein
- b) Multiple veins or lenses
- c) Stockwork

MAGMATOGENIC TYPE DEPOSITS ASSOCIATED WITH MAFIC/ULTRAMAFIC ROCKS

- a) Disseminated
- b) Layered
- c) Net textured
- d) Podiform

DEPOSITS WITH PORPHYRY AFFINITIES

PEGMATITE TYPE DEPOSITS

CLASTIC SEDIMENT TYPE DEPOSITS

REPLACEMENT TYPE DEPOSITS

DISSIPATED MINERALIZATION — NOT CLASSIFIED

IMMEDIATE HOST ROCK* TO MINERALIZATION

(Appendage in the 9 o'clock position)

- ▲ Rhyolitic volcanic rocks
- ▲ Dacitic volcanic rocks
- ▲ Intermediate volcanic rocks
- ▲ Basaltic volcanic rocks
- ▲ Ultramafic volcanic rocks
- ▲ Sericitic schist
- ▲ Chloritic schist
- ▲ Shale, slate, phyllite
- ▲ Sandstone, arkose
- ▲ Greywacke
- ▲ Quartzite
- ▲ Calc-silicate-rich rocks (limestone, dolomite)
- ▲ Chemical sediments
- ▲ Breccia
- ▲ Conglomerate
- ▲ Felsic intrusive rocks
- ▲ Intermediate intrusive rocks
- ▲ Mafic intrusive rocks
- ▲ Ultramafic intrusive rocks

*or metamorphic equivalent

TYPE OF MINERALIZATION

(Appendage in the 6 o'clock position)

- Trace (<1%)
- Minor (1-10%)
- ▲ Moderate (10-50%)
- Near solid (50-75%) to solid (>75%)
- Near solid to solid stratified
- Near solid to solid zoned

*by volume

EXPLANATION OF MINERAL DEPOSIT AND OCCURRENCE SYMBOLS

AuCuZn AuCuZn

1 Occurrence location* and reference number

Mineral deposit

Mineral occurrence

Immediate host rock to mineralization

Type of mineralization

AuCuZn Elements present (in order of increasing abundance)

*Exact locations indicated by a dot or outline of mineralization in solid black. Approximate locations indicated by an x.

SYMBOLS

GEOLOGICAL SYMBOLS

Geological contact (approximate, assumed, gradational, undervalued)

Geological contact inferred from aeromagnetic trends, signature, and nearest measured structural attitude

Fault (defined, approximate, inferred, dip)

Shear zone

Geophysical conductor

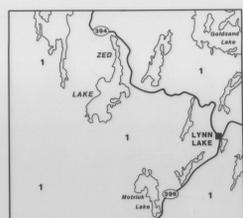
TOPOGRAPHIC SYMBOLS

Swamp

Winter road

Provincial road

GEOLOGICAL MAP SOURCE



Geological base map derived or modified from:

- 1. Gilbert, H.P., Syme, E.C. and Zwartzi, H.V. 1980. Geology of the metamorphic and volcaniclastic metasedimentary rocks in the Lynn Lake area. Manitoba Energy and Mines, Mineral Resources Division Geological Paper GP80-1, 118 p.

Scale 1:50 000

KILOMETRES 1 2 3 4 5 KILOMETRES

Mineral Deposit interpretation and compilation by D.A. Baldwin

Cartography by D.L. McShane

MINERAL DEPOSITS

Deposit #	Name	Tonnes/Grade	Status
1	"A" Mine	13771270/1.02% Ni, 0.49% Cu	Produced 1953-1969
2	Farley Mine	180889590/0.93% Ni, 0.57% Cu	Produced 1961-1976
3	"EL" Mine	1730732/0.07% Ni, 0.16% Cu	Produced 1954-1964
4	FL	45000/0.9% Cu, 2.2% Zn	Drilled
5	Z	217680/1.25% Cu, 2.4% Zn	Drilled
17	Francis Lake	136000/0.45% Cu, 6.6% Zn	Drilled
28	Goodenough	17000/0.63% Cu, 1.21% Zn, 2 g Au	Drilled

UTM COORDINATES FOR MINERAL DEPOSITS/OCCURRENCES

MINERAL OCCURRENCE NUMBER	U.T.M. NORTHING (METRES)	U.T.M. EASTING (METRES)	MINERAL OCCURRENCE NUMBER	U.T.M. NORTHING (METRES)	U.T.M. EASTING (METRES)
1	6302894	376249	30	6296193	367638
2	6301524	375803	31	6295281	366221
3	6299010	376009	32	6298111	368886
4	6300080	377105	33	6298013	368658
5	6300035	376546	34	6309681	372417
6	6300468	365718	35	6300448	369722
7	6298996	373549	36	6302220	368965
8	6291889	373253	37	6295058	363569
9	6295841	377481	38	6295053	373262
10	6301706	373064	39	6301336	372598
11	6304905	371750	40	6300271	370665
12	6303420	374510	41	6311886	372266
13	6298232	370765	42	6300596	376111
14	6295172	375621	43	6307785	372906
15	6294726	377381	44	6300888	375389
16	6294068	362216	45	6300638	369643
17	6298821	371425	46	6310583	376369
18	6307683	374762	47	6295349	374709
19	6303420	373679	48	6295999	373737
20	6291826	372261	49	6295649	376104
21	6291640	375778	50	6296090	374105
22	6290935	376960	51	6295856	374203
23	6294063	377660	52	6293104	373924
24	6290048	374852	53	6292739	372440
25	6300300	368849	54	6292769	371253
26	6293072	369184	55	6294401	370516
27	6291617	363344	56	6295335	370746
28	6303026	371517	57	6292720	374944
29	6297786	373893	58	6292346	377637

MINERAL DEPOSIT SERIES

The corresponding sheet of the National Topographic Series is 64C-14

The magnetic declination at the centre of the map is approximately 11°49' East (1989) and is decreasing by 12.0' annually.

